



City of San Diego

# Potential Pension Solutions

September 12, 2005



# Objectives

- Increase funded ratio of Retirement System
  - Target funded ratio of 80-85% by FY 2008
- Seek City Council direction on a list of potential pension solutions, including, but not limited to, securitizing a minimum of \$17.3 million in City revenues during FY 2006
- Report back quarterly



## Exclusions

- Elimination of Certain Benefits
- Retiree Healthcare Liability
  - Estimated actuarial liability is \$447-672M
  - Currently being paid on a cash basis from City funds
  - Retiree Health payments are no longer funded through Retirement System assets



# Accomplishments

- City has already implemented various efforts to improve the System's funding and operational policies
  - Gleason Settlement
  - Proposition G
  - Proposition H
  - Public Disclosure Ordinance
  - Retiree Health Care Benefits Paid from City Funds
  - Downsizing of Organization
  - Wage Freeze for FY06 and FY07
  - Unclassified Employees Contribution to Retirement System
  - Reduction in City "Pick-Up" to Enhance the Funded Ratio
- MORE Pension Solutions are needed to increase the funded ratio of the Retirement System



## Base Case Scenario

- Actuarial analysis shows that by Fiscal Year 2014, with no additional action
  - Funded ratio may improve slightly to 70-72%
  - Employer contribution could increase to between 42% and 52% of payroll (from 27% in FY 06)
  - Total employer contribution could reach \$400 million (as compared to \$163 million in FY 06)
- Budgetary Analysis shows that by Fiscal Year 2014, with no additional action
  - Employer contribution could represent over 15% of total City operating budget, as compared to over 8% in FY 06





## Pension Solutions Scenario

- Pension Solutions Scenario suggests a cash infusion of \$600 million over 3 years

<b>Solution (\$M)</b>	<b>FY 06</b>	<b>FY 07</b>	<b>FY 08</b>	<b>Total</b>
Securitizations	\$100	\$0	\$0	\$100
Land Sales	50	-	50	100
POBs	-	300	100	400
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$150</b>	<b>\$300</b>	<b>\$150</b>	<b>\$600</b>



# Pension Solutions Scenario

- Actuarial analysis shows that by Fiscal Year 2014, with pension solutions as described:
  - Funded ratio may improve to approximately 78%
  - Employer contribution could increase to between 34% and 42% of payroll
  - Total employer contribution may reach \$321 million
- Budgetary Analysis shows that by Fiscal Year 2014, with pension solutions as described:
  - Employer contribution could represent over 12% of total City operating budget



## Citywide Budgetary Impact

- Securitization of certain General Fund revenue streams result in budget gap
  - To be filled by employee pick-up savings
  - Leverages employee savings, per labor contracts
- Debt service required for Pension Obligation Bonds
  - Additional funding is required in FY 07 and 08
  - May be able to use State return of Property Tax (ERAF III) in FY 07 to backfill
  - In future years, reduced Employer Contributions create savings to pay debt on POBs
- Ultimately, additional savings to the City budget is created which can be utilized for further pension solutions





# Citywide Budgetary Impact

<b>ROLLING (\$M)</b>	<b><u>FY 06</u></b>	<b><u>FY 07</u></b>	<b><u>FY 08</u></b>	<b><u>FY 09</u></b>	<b><u>FY 10</u></b>	<b><u>FY 11</u></b>	<b><u>FY 12</u></b>	<b><u>FY 13</u></b>	<b><u>FY 14</u></b>
Total Annual Employer Contribution with Solutions <sup>(1)</sup>	\$163.0	\$165.3	\$164.1	\$183.8	\$180.8	\$194.4	\$219.1	\$243.1	\$264.7
Debt Payments for POBs <sup>(2)</sup>	-	8.6	24.1	28.3	28.3	28.3	28.3	28.3	28.3
Securitization (debt service) <sup>(3)</sup>	17.3	17.3	17.3	17.3	17.3	17.3	17.3	17.3	17.3
Employee Pick-Up Savings	(17.3)	(17.3)	(17.3)	(17.3)	(17.3)	(17.3)	(17.3)	(17.3)	(17.3)
Total Budgetary Requirement: Solution Scenario	163.0	173.9	188.2	212.1	209.1	222.7	247.4	271.4	293.0
Total Budgetary Requirement: Base Case Scenario	163.0	165.3	173.3	229.2	243.7	257.6	281.1	303.7	323.9
<b>Annual Net Savings</b>	-	<b>(\$8.6)</b>	<b>(\$14.9)</b>	<b>\$17.1</b>	<b>\$34.6</b>	<b>\$34.9</b>	<b>\$33.7</b>	<b>\$32.3</b>	<b>\$30.9</b>

<sup>(1)</sup> Assuming additional contribution of \$150M by FY06, \$300M by FY07, and \$150M by FY08

<sup>(2)</sup> Assuming \$300M in POBs issuance by FY07 and \$100M by FY08

<sup>(3)</sup> Assuming \$17.3M toward debt service under Revenue Securitization for more than 10 years depending on securitization option



# Working Group Approach

- Benchmark Against Comparable Municipalities: Average ratios are 83-88%
- Funding Target
  - Achieve 80% to 85% funded ratio by FY 2008
  - Adequately funded from a credit perspective
- Labor Concessions
  - Must be effectively utilized in FY 2006 in order to comply with Local 145 and DCAA 1-year contracts
  - Local 127 contract requires contribution of \$600 million by FY 2008
- Planning Horizon: Fulfill requirements of labor union contracts through action in FY 2006



# Considerations

- All proposed solutions were subject to certain considerations:
  - Fulfilling Labor Contracts
  - Economic Benefit
  - Impact on City's Current Credit Situation
  - City Charter Section 77: Sale of land



# Potential Pension Solutions

1. General Fund Revenue Securitization
2. Employee Pick-Up Savings
3. City Property: Sale, Lease or Transfer
4. Pension Obligation Bonds: Private Placement/ Public Offering
5. Re-engineering City Services
7. Pension Tax
8. Transfer to CalPERS





# Revenue Enhancements

- Potential revenue enhancements to help City achieve structural balance and address priorities more effectively

REVENUE OPTION	ANNUAL REVENUE
Trash Collection Fee	\$35.5M
TOT Increase	\$30.6M
Property Transfer Tax Increase	\$59.6M
Business License Tax Increase	\$5.2M

- City Manager will work with Council's Revenue Committee for discussion



## Recommendation

- Set 80-85% funding target to be achieved by Fiscal Year 2008
- Direct City Manager to return with proposals for implementation of solutions
  - Securitizing a stream of revenue to effectively utilize savings from labor contracts
  - Pension Obligation Bonds
  - Other proposals as appropriate
- Direct the City Manager to report back quarterly





# Base Case: Rolling Amortization

## BASE CASE ROLLING SCENARIO

	<u>FY 04</u>	<u>FY 05</u>	<u>FY 06</u>	<u>FY 07</u>	<u>FY 08</u>	<u>FY 09</u>	<u>FY 10</u>	<u>FY 11</u>	<u>FY 12</u>	<u>FY 13</u>	<u>FY 14</u>
Normal Cost Rate			13.1%	13.1%	13.1%	13.1%	13.1%	13.1%	13.1%	13.1%	13.1%
Amortization of UAAL			13.7%	15.7%	15.8%	23.6%	24.3%	24.9%	26.6%	28.1%	29.0%
<b>Total Annual Employer Contribution Rate</b>	<b>13.4%</b>	<b>\$130M <sup>(1)</sup></b>	<b>26.9%</b>	<b>28.9%</b>	<b>29.0%</b>	<b>36.8%</b>	<b>37.5%</b>	<b>38.0%</b>	<b>39.8%</b>	<b>41.2%</b>	<b>42.2%</b>
Normal Cost (\$M)			\$75.3	\$75.2	\$78.6	\$82.0	\$85.5	\$89.1	\$92.8	\$96.8	\$100.9
Amortization Cost of UAAL (\$M)			\$87.7	\$90.1	\$94.7	\$147.2	\$158.2	\$168.5	\$188.3	\$206.9	\$223.0
<b>Total Annual Employer Contribution (\$M)</b>	<b>\$73.2</b>	<b>\$130.0</b>	<b>\$163.0</b>	<b>\$165.3</b>	<b>\$173.3</b>	<b>\$229.2</b>	<b>\$243.7</b>	<b>\$257.6</b>	<b>\$281.1</b>	<b>\$303.7</b>	<b>\$323.9</b>
UAAL (\$M)	\$1,369	\$1,540	\$1,546	\$1,576	\$1,695	\$1,806	\$2,017	\$2,216	\$2,388	\$2,585	\$2,816
<b>Funded Ratio</b>	<b>65.8%</b>	<b>65.6%</b>	<b>67.9%</b>	<b>69.6%</b>	<b>70.0%</b>	<b>70.7%</b>	<b>70.1%</b>	<b>69.9%</b>	<b>70.1%</b>	<b>70.2%</b>	<b>70.1%</b>
Net Total Operating Budget <sup>(2)</sup> (\$M)	\$1,800	\$1,901	\$2,017	\$2,077	\$2,140	\$2,204	\$2,270	\$2,338	\$2,408	\$2,480	\$2,555
<b>% of Net Total Operating Budget</b>	<b>4.1%</b>	<b>6.8%</b>	<b>8.1%</b>	<b>8.0%</b>	<b>8.1%</b>	<b>10.4%</b>	<b>10.7%</b>	<b>11.0%</b>	<b>11.7%</b>	<b>12.2%</b>	<b>12.7%</b>

<sup>(1)</sup> Fixed amount per Gleason Settlement terms.

<sup>(2)</sup> Assumes 3% growth rate from FY07 through FY14.





# Base Case: Declining Amortization

## BASE CASE DECLINING SCENARIO

	<u>FY 04</u>	<u>FY 05</u>	<u>FY 06</u>	<u>FY 07</u>	<u>FY 08</u>	<u>FY 09</u>	<u>FY 10</u>	<u>FY 11</u>	<u>FY 12</u>	<u>FY 13</u>	<u>FY 14</u>
Normal Cost Rate			13.1%	13.1%	13.1%	13.1%	13.1%	13.1%	13.1%	13.1%	13.1%
Amortization of UAAL			13.7%	15.7%	15.8%	23.6%	25.7%	27.8%	31.6%	35.4%	38.9%
<b>Total Annual Employer Contribution Rate</b>	<b>13.4%</b>	<b>\$130M <sup>(1)</sup></b>	<b>26.9%</b>	<b>28.9%</b>	<b>29.0%</b>	<b>36.8%</b>	<b>38.8%</b>	<b>40.9%</b>	<b>44.7%</b>	<b>48.5%</b>	<b>52.1%</b>
Normal Cost (\$M)			\$75.3	\$75.2	\$78.6	\$82.0	\$85.5	\$89.1	\$92.8	\$96.8	\$100.9
Amortization Cost of UAAL (\$M)			\$87.7	\$90.1	\$94.7	\$147.2	\$166.8	\$188.3	\$223.1	\$260.6	\$298.9
<b>Total Annual Employer Contribution (\$M)</b>	<b>\$73.2</b>	<b>\$130.0</b>	<b>\$163.0</b>	<b>\$165.3</b>	<b>\$173.3</b>	<b>\$229.2</b>	<b>\$252.3</b>	<b>\$277.4</b>	<b>\$315.9</b>	<b>\$357.4</b>	<b>\$399.8</b>
UAAL (\$M)	\$1,369	\$1,540	\$1,546	\$1,576	\$1,695	\$1,806	\$2,007	\$2,185	\$2,317	\$2,450	\$2,588
<b>Funded Ratio</b>	<b>65.8%</b>	<b>65.6%</b>	<b>67.9%</b>	<b>69.6%</b>	<b>70.0%</b>	<b>70.7%</b>	<b>70.2%</b>	<b>70.3%</b>	<b>71.0%</b>	<b>71.8%</b>	<b>72.5%</b>
Net Total Operating Budget <sup>(2)</sup> (\$M)	\$1,800	\$1,901	\$2,017	\$2,077	\$2,140	\$2,204	\$2,270	\$2,338	\$2,408	\$2,480	\$2,555
<b>% of Net Total Operating Budget</b>	<b>4.1%</b>	<b>6.8%</b>	<b>8.1%</b>	<b>8.0%</b>	<b>8.1%</b>	<b>10.4%</b>	<b>11.1%</b>	<b>11.9%</b>	<b>13.1%</b>	<b>14.4%</b>	<b>15.6%</b>

<sup>(1)</sup> Fixed amount per Gleason Settlement terms.

<sup>(2)</sup> Assumes 3% growth rate from FY07 through FY14.



# Pension Solutions Scenario: Rolling Amortization

<b>PENSION SOLUTION ROLLING SCENARIO</b>	<b><u>FY 04</u></b>	<b><u>FY 05</u></b>	<b><u>FY 06</u></b>	<b><u>FY 07</u></b>	<b><u>FY 08</u></b>	<b><u>FY 09</u></b>	<b><u>FY 10</u></b>	<b><u>FY 11</u></b>	<b><u>FY 12</u></b>	<b><u>FY 13</u></b>	<b><u>FY 14</u></b>
Normal Cost Rate			13.1%	13.1%	13.1%	13.1%	13.1%	13.1%	13.1%	13.1%	13.1%
Amortization of UAAL			13.7%	15.7%	14.3%	16.3%	14.7%	15.5%	17.9%	19.9%	21.3%
<b>Total Annual Employer Contribution Rate</b>	<b>13.4%</b>	<b>\$130M <sup>(1)</sup></b>	<b>26.9%</b>	<b>28.9%</b>	<b>27.4%</b>	<b>29.5%</b>	<b>27.8%</b>	<b>28.7%</b>	<b>31.0%</b>	<b>33.0%</b>	<b>34.5%</b>
Normal Cost (\$M)			\$75.3	\$75.2	\$78.6	\$82.0	\$85.5	\$89.1	\$92.8	\$96.8	\$100.9
Amortization Cost of UAAL (\$M)			\$87.7	\$90.1	\$85.5	\$101.8	\$95.3	\$105.3	\$126.3	\$146.3	\$163.8
<b>Total Annual Employer Contribution (\$M)</b>	<b>\$73.2</b>	<b>\$130.0</b>	<b>\$163.0</b>	<b>\$165.3</b>	<b>\$164.1</b>	<b>\$183.8</b>	<b>\$180.8</b>	<b>\$194.4</b>	<b>\$219.1</b>	<b>\$243.1</b>	<b>\$264.7</b>
<b>Additional City Contribution (\$M)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>\$150.0</b>	<b>\$300.0</b>	<b>\$150.0</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Total Employer and Additional Contribution (\$M)</b>	<b>\$73.2</b>	<b>\$130.0</b>	<b>\$313.0</b>	<b>\$465.3</b>	<b>\$314.1</b>	<b>\$183.8</b>	<b>\$180.8</b>	<b>\$194.4</b>	<b>\$219.1</b>	<b>\$243.1</b>	<b>\$264.7</b>
UAAL (\$M)	\$1,369	\$1,540	\$1,396	\$1,090	\$1,022	\$1,128	\$1,353	\$1,568	\$1,754	\$1,966	\$2,211
<b>Funded Ratio</b>	<b>65.8%</b>	<b>65.6%</b>	<b>71.0%</b>	<b>79.0%</b>	<b>81.9%</b>	<b>81.7%</b>	<b>79.9%</b>	<b>78.7%</b>	<b>78.1%</b>	<b>77.4%</b>	<b>76.5%</b>
Net Total Operating Budget <sup>(2)</sup> (\$M)	\$1,800	\$1,901	\$2,017	\$2,077	\$2,140	\$2,204	\$2,270	\$2,338	\$2,408	\$2,480	\$2,555
<b>% of Net Total Operating Budget</b>	<b>4.1%</b>	<b>6.8%</b>	<b>8.1%</b>	<b>8.0%</b>	<b>7.7%</b>	<b>8.3%</b>	<b>8.0%</b>	<b>8.3%</b>	<b>9.1%</b>	<b>9.8%</b>	<b>10.4%</b>

<sup>(1)</sup> Fixed amount per Gleason Settlement terms.

<sup>(2)</sup> Assumes 3% growth rate from FY07 through FY14.



# Pension Solutions Scenario: Declining Amortization

<b>PENSION SOLUTION DECLINING SCENARIO</b>	<b><u>FY 04</u></b>	<b><u>FY 05</u></b>	<b><u>FY 06</u></b>	<b><u>FY 07</u></b>	<b><u>FY 08</u></b>	<b><u>FY 09</u></b>	<b><u>FY 10</u></b>	<b><u>FY 11</u></b>	<b><u>FY 12</u></b>	<b><u>FY 13</u></b>	<b><u>FY 14</u></b>
Normal Cost Rate			13.1%	13.1%	13.1%	13.1%	13.1%	13.1%	13.1%	13.1%	13.1%
Amortization of UAAL			13.7%	15.7%	14.3%	16.3%	15.5%	17.4%	21.2%	25.1%	28.7%
<b>Total Annual Employer Contribution Rate</b>	<b>13.4%</b>	<b>\$130M <sup>(1)</sup></b>	<b>26.9%</b>	<b>28.9%</b>	<b>27.4%</b>	<b>29.5%</b>	<b>28.6%</b>	<b>30.5%</b>	<b>34.3%</b>	<b>38.2%</b>	<b>41.8%</b>
Normal Cost (\$M)			\$75.3	\$75.2	\$78.6	\$82.0	\$85.5	\$89.1	\$92.8	\$96.8	\$100.9
Amortization Cost of UAAL (\$M)			\$87.7	\$90.1	\$85.5	\$101.8	\$100.5	\$117.6	\$149.8	\$184.6	\$220.4
<b>Total Annual Employer Contribution (\$M)</b>	<b>\$73.2</b>	<b>\$130.0</b>	<b>\$163.0</b>	<b>\$165.3</b>	<b>\$164.1</b>	<b>\$183.8</b>	<b>\$186.0</b>	<b>\$206.7</b>	<b>\$242.6</b>	<b>\$281.4</b>	<b>\$321.3</b>
<b>Additional City Contribution (\$M)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>\$150.0</b>	<b>\$300.0</b>	<b>\$150.0</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Total Employer and Additional Contribution (\$M)</b>	<b>\$73.2</b>	<b>\$130.0</b>	<b>\$313.0</b>	<b>\$465.3</b>	<b>\$314.1</b>	<b>\$183.8</b>	<b>\$186.0</b>	<b>\$206.7</b>	<b>\$242.6</b>	<b>\$281.4</b>	<b>\$321.3</b>
UAAL (\$M)	\$1,369	\$1,540	\$1,396	\$1,090	\$1,022	\$1,128	\$1,347	\$1,548	\$1,708	\$1,875	\$2,052
<b>Funded Ratio</b>	<b>65.8%</b>	<b>65.6%</b>	<b>71.0%</b>	<b>79.0%</b>	<b>81.9%</b>	<b>81.7%</b>	<b>80.0%</b>	<b>79.0%</b>	<b>78.6%</b>	<b>78.4%</b>	<b>78.2%</b>
Net Total Operating Budget <sup>(2)</sup> (\$M)	\$1,800	\$1,901	\$2,017	\$2,077	\$2,140	\$2,204	\$2,270	\$2,338	\$2,408	\$2,480	\$2,555
<b>% of Net Total Operating Budget</b>	<b>4.1%</b>	<b>6.8%</b>	<b>8.1%</b>	<b>8.0%</b>	<b>7.7%</b>	<b>8.3%</b>	<b>8.2%</b>	<b>8.8%</b>	<b>10.1%</b>	<b>11.3%</b>	<b>12.6%</b>

<sup>(1)</sup> Fixed amount per Gleason Settlement terms.

<sup>(2)</sup> Assumes 3% growth rate from FY07 through FY14.





# Citywide Budgetary Impact: Declining Amortization

<b>DECLINING (\$M)</b>	<b><u>FY 06</u></b>	<b><u>FY 07</u></b>	<b><u>FY 08</u></b>	<b><u>FY 09</u></b>	<b><u>FY 10</u></b>	<b><u>FY 11</u></b>	<b><u>FY 12</u></b>	<b><u>FY 13</u></b>	<b><u>FY 14</u></b>
Total Annual Employer Contribution with Solutions <sup>(1)</sup>	\$163.0	\$165.3	\$164.1	\$183.8	\$186.0	\$206.7	\$242.6	\$281.4	\$321.3
Debt Payments for POBs <sup>(2)</sup>	-	8.6	24.1	28.3	28.3	28.3	28.3	28.3	28.3
Securitization (debt service) <sup>(3)</sup>	17.3	17.3	17.3	17.3	17.3	17.3	17.3	17.3	17.3
Employee Pick-Up Savings	(17.3)	(17.3)	(17.3)	(17.3)	(17.3)	(17.3)	(17.3)	(17.3)	(17.3)
Total Budgetary Requirement: Solution Scenario	163.0	173.9	188.2	212.1	214.3	235.0	270.9	309.7	349.6
Total Budgetary Requirement: Base Case Scenario	163.0	165.3	173.3	229.2	252.3	277.4	315.9	357.4	399.8
<b>Annual Net Savings</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>(\$8.6)</b>	<b>(\$14.9)</b>	<b>\$17.1</b>	<b>\$38.0</b>	<b>\$42.4</b>	<b>\$45.0</b>	<b>\$47.7</b>	<b>\$50.2</b>

<sup>(1)</sup> Assuming additional contribution of \$150M by FY06, \$300M by FY07, and \$150M by FY08

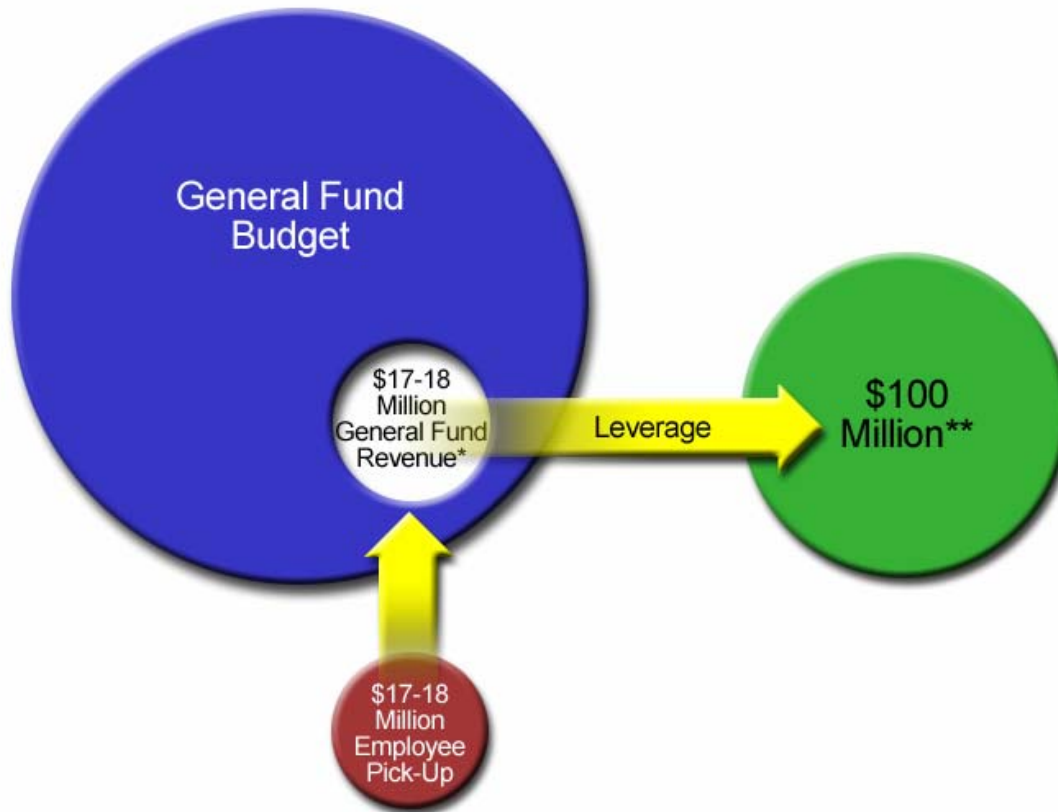
<sup>(2)</sup> Assuming \$300M in POBs issuance by FY07 and \$100M by FY08

<sup>(3)</sup> Assuming \$17.3M toward debt service under Revenue Securitization for more than 10 years depending on securitization option





# Securitization



\* Sale of future general fund revenue stream which could be a combination of general fund revenue categories to meet debt service over a defined term.

\*\* Approximate and proceeds are dependent on the number of years the revenue/s is pledged.